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## Balochistan issue causes

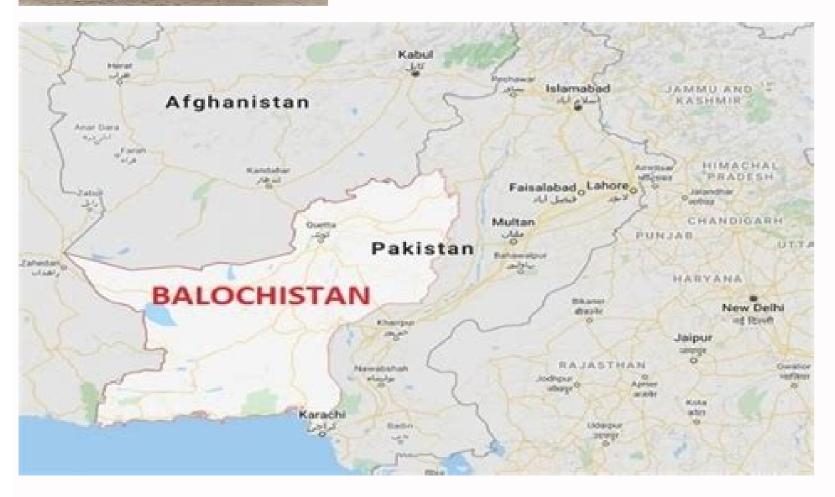
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20 November 2014. The cleric is believed to be a commander of a banned South Asian Islamic militant group, Harkat-ul-Jihad al-Islami, and is linked to the ISI.[140] Pakistan denied involvement in militant activities in Kashmir, though President Asif Ali Zardari admitted in July 2010[141] that militants had been "deliberately created and nurtured" by past governments "as a policy to achieve some short-term tactical objectives" stating that they were "heroes" until 9/11. International Herald Tribune. 5 February 2015. "Pakistan said to play both sides on Terrorism 2016". ^ "Gountry Reports on Terrorism 2016". ^ "James Lyons (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports on Terrorism 2016". ^ "James Lyons (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports on Terrorism 2016". ^ "James Lyons (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports on Terrorisms 2016". ^ "James Lyons (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports on Terrorism 2016". ^ "James Lyons (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports on Terrorisms 2016". ^ "James Lyons (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports on Terrorism 2016". ^ "James Lyons (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports (8 December 2016". ^ "James Lyons (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports (8 December 2010). In October 2010, former Pakistan denies it is a 'safe haven' for terrorisms'. ^ "Country Reports (9 Decembe

"Lashkar-e-Taiba". ^ "Experts welcome UN ban on Jamaat-ul-Dawa; put doubts on Pak". The US has put a \$10m bounty for its founder Hafiz Muhammad Saeed. ^ Karzai wants action by allied forces in Pakistan 11 August 2008 Dawn, Pakistan 1 August 2008 Dawn, Pakistan 1 August 2008 Dawn, Pakistan 1 August 2019. 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter; Tiedemann, Katherine (26 April 2010). 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter; Tiedemann, Katherine (26 April 2010). 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter; Tiedemann, Katherine (26 April 2010). 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter; Tiedemann, Katherine (26 April 2010). 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter; Tiedemann, Katherine (26 April 2010). 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter; Tiedemann, Katherine (26 April 2010). 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter; Tiedemann, Katherine (26 April 2010). 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter; Tiedemann, Katherine (26 April 2010). 24 June 2020. Dnaindia.com. 6 November 2014. ^ Marks, Julie. "Haqqanian bergen, Peter, Pet network is a "veritable arm" of ISI: Mullen". Retrieved 10 October 2011. ^ a b "BBC Story". "Musharraf: Pakistan and India's backing for 'proxies' in Afghanistan must stop". "Should Pakistan Be Designated A State Sponsor of Terror?". ^ "Pakistan Arrests C.I.A. Informants in Bin Laden Raid." New York Times, 14 June 2011. Archived from the original on 6 May 2011. U.S. Department of State. ^ "Pakistan withdraws diplomat from Bangladesh: foreign ministry". ^ "FBI identifies terror camp in Pakistan through satellite pictures". Archived from the original on 17 December 2001. In.rediff.com. The Diplomat. ^ "Chapter 5: Terrorist Safe Havens (Update to 7120 Report)". ^ a b Schmitt, Mark Mazzetti and Eric. ^ a b "Terrorism Havens: Pakistan - Council on Foreign Relations". The testimony of David Headley, who was implicated for his role in the Mumbai attacks, points to significant ISI involvement in the activities of the LeT, including the Mumbai attacks, points to significant ISI involvement in the activities of the LeT, including the Mumbai attacks, points to significant ISI involvement in the activities of the LeT, including the Mumbai attacks, points to significant ISI involvement in the activities of the LeT, including the Mumbai attacks, points to significant ISI involvement in the activities of the LeT, including the Mumbai attacks, points to significant ISI involvement in the activities of the LeT, including the Mumbai attacks, points to significant ISI involvement in the activities of the LeT, including the Mumbai attacks, points to significant ISI involvement in the activities of the LeT, including the Mumbai attacks. Jama'at-ud-Da'wah, which the Pakistani government is yet to enforce. [138] [139] On 5 April 2006, the Indian police arrested six Islamic militants, including a cleric who helped plan bomb blasts in Varanasi. Only when the United States exerted enormous diplomatic pressure after the 11 Sept. Retrieved 28 May 2012. "Nicolas Sarkozy launches attack on Pakistan over terrorist safe havens". "9 Unexpected Things Navy SEALs Discovered in Osama bin Laden's Compound". 30 September 2006. 30 September 2011. Pajhwok Afghan News. Retrieved 7 May 2017. An Indian MLA from Punjab believes that Pakistan support to Sikh separatist outfits is an attempt to seek revenge for Indian role during the Bangladesh Liberation War.[146] Former Pakistan army chief Mirza Aslam Beg in an interview embraced jihad against India and opportunity to use Kartarpur corridor to assist Khalistan movement.[147] In 2019, Pakistani people from going to Kashmir to do Jihad. Victoria, BC, Canada: Trafford Publishing. "India names Pakistani colonel in connection with Mumbai terror attacks". ^ Naumann, Qasim (17 September 2011). Byman. Archived from the original on 7 November 2011. The New Indian Express. ^ "Taliban Bombing at U.S. Base in Afghanistan Wounds Nearly 80 Americans". 3 April 2006. India alleges that Pakistan has provided support to separatist Sikh outfits in an attempt to create independent state of Khalistan.[144][145] Pakistan has rejected all accusations made by India. ^ "Terrorist Sponsors: Saudi Arabia, Pakistan, China". ^ Welle (www.dw.com), Deutsche. ^ "Leading News Resource of Pakistan". ^ Tran, Mark (26 February 2009). "Why did US declare an anti-Iran militant group terrorist? 21 July 2006. ^ Rashid, Ahmed (6 October 2006). p. 138. Retrieved 27 August 2021. ^ Star Online Report. And few of the events predicted in the reports subsequently occurred. ^ Back to Camp-Dawn July 2005 ^ "Coalition Vows to Regain Afghan Town Seized by Taliban". Until then, the thinking had been to trade in the Goose at the right time for the evacuation of about 5000 of the top leadership of the Taliban and Al-Qaeda who were encircled by Nato forces in the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan. ^ Coll, Steve (2019). 12 September 2008. the Guardian. 16 December 2008. the Guardian. 16 December 2008. the Guardian. 17 September 2008. The Coll, Steve (2019). 18 September 2008. The Guardian and Al-Qaeda who were encircled by Nato forces in the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan. ^ Coll, Steve (2019). 18 September 2008. The Guardian and Al-Qaeda who were encircled by Nato forces in the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan. ^ Coll, Steve (2019). 19 September 2008. The Guardian and Al-Qaeda who were encircled by Nato forces in the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan. ^ Coll, Steve (2019). 19 September 2008. The Guardian and Al-Qaeda who were encircled by Nato forces in the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan. ^ Coll, Steve (2019). 19 September 2008. The Guardian and Al-Qaeda who were encircled by Nato forces in the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan. ^ Coll, Steve (2019). 19 September 2008. The Guardian and Al-Qaeda who were encircled by Nato forces in the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan. ^ Coll, Steve (2019). 19 September 2008. The Guardian and Al-Qaeda who were encircled by Nato forces in the 2001 invasion of Afghanistan. ^ Coll, Steve (2019). 19 September 2008. The Coll, Steve (2019). 19 September the original on 14 July 2012. ^ "U.S. says Pakistan's ISI supported Kabul embassy attack". Archived from the original on 14 February 2007. Retrieved 5 October 2018. ^ "Pakistan Denies Supporting Khalistan Movement, Photos Show Otherwise". ISBN 9781426906152. Later they became villains says Pervez Musharraf. [82][83] According to Pervez Hoodhboy, "Bin Laden was the 'Golden Goose' that the army had kept under its watch but which, to its chagrin, has now been stolen from under its nose. ^ H.R.6069 - Pakistan State Sponsor of Terrorism: Threats and Responses: Hearings Before the Committee on the Judiciary By United States Congress House Committee on the Judiciary, ISBN 0-16-052230-7, 1996, pp. Archived from the original on 10 January 2007. Archived from the original on 24 December 2007. However, Pakistan decided to withdraw second secretary Farina Arshad after the Bangladeshi authorities asked the diplomat to leave for reportedly having "extended financial support to a suspected militant who faces spying charges." JMB operative Idris Sheikh, who also holds Pakistani nationality had claimed he had received money from her and was in contact with her for some time. [151] Pakistan has withdrawn one of its diplomats from Bangladesh after "harassment", the foreign ministry said. Retrieved 26 May 2021. ^ "ISI now outsources terror to Bangladesh". Retrieved 23 September 2011. ^ "WikiLeaks: ISI allowed terrorists to attack India, says Gitmo detainee". 16 February 2019. BBC News. ^ "Diplomat back from BD after terror funding allegation". ^ a b "Pakistan took modest steps yet remains safe haven for terrorists: US report". Nato's top brass accuse Pakistan over Taliban aid". The Real Winner of the Afghan War? The Real W against Haqqanis in border areas | Pajhwok Afghan News". He has also urged Western military allies to target extremist hideouts in neighbouring Pakistan. [61] In response to the military allies to target extremist hideouts in neighbouring Pakistan. [62] Several detainees at the Guantanamo Bay facility told US interrogators that they were aided by the ISI for attacks in the disputed Kashmir Region.[63][64][65][66] Links to terrorist groups Pakistan is alleged to be a safe haven for terrorist groups including: Al-Qaeda[67] Lashkar-e-Omar[68] Lashkar-Mujahideen[70] ISIS-KP[73] Pakistan has, however, denied providing safe haven to any terrorist group.[74] Pakistan is also accused of giving aid to the Taliban, bankrolling funding for the Taliban fighters, recruiting skilled and unskilled manpower to serve in Taliban armies, planning and directing offensives, providing and facilitating shipments of ammunition and fuel, and on several occasions apparently directly providing combat support", as stated by the Human Rights Watch.[75] In 2008, the US stated that the next attack on the US could originate in Pakistan.[76] There are instances of Pakistan hosting terrorist camps such as the following: In June 2009, India's army chief, General Deepak Kapoor, used a meeting with US national security adviser Jim Jones to claim that Pakistan was home to 43 "terrorist camps".[77] Many Kashmiri groups also maintain their headquarters in Pakistan-administered Kashmir, which is cited as further proof by the Indian Government. Its Sunday, 25 July 2010 article by Declan Walsh states: "But for all their eye-popping details, the intelligence files, which are mostly collated by junior officers relying on informants and Afghan officials, fail to provide a convincing smoking gun for ISI complicity. 30 April 2001. "Cameron sparks diplomatic row with Pakistan after 'export of terror' remarks". Ibnlive in com. Rediff. The 2016 SAARC summit which was to be held in Islamabad in 2016 was cancelled after being boycotted by four nations - India, Afghanistan, Bangladesh and Bhutan.[153][154][155] Pakistan is listed on the FATF greylist for alleged money laundering and terrorism financing, which makes it difficult for the country to get financial help from international institutions, including the International Monetary Fund, World Bank Asian Development Bank, and European Union.[156] Al Qaeda leaders killed or captured in Pakistan See also: Death of Osama bin Laden and Allegations of support system in Pakistan for Osama bin Laden, until he was found and killed by US forces.[157] This issue was expected to worsen US ties with Pakistan.[160] It was an expensive compound, [161] less than 100 kilometres drive from the capital, Islamabad, probably built specifically for Bin Laden was killed in his residence of more than five years, in Abbottabad, Pakistan.[160] It was an expensive compound is 1.3 kilometres (3/4 mile) southwest of the Pakistan Military Academy (PMA), a prominent military academy that has been compared to Sandhurst in Britain and West Point in the United States. [163] Pakistan's President Zardari has denied that his country's security forces may have sheltered Osama bin Laden. [164] [165] Steve Coll states that as of 2019 there is no direct evidence showing Pakistani knowledge of bin Laden's presence in Abbottabad. Retrieved 25 September 2016. The bill HR 6069[110] requires the US Secretary of State. NPR.org. 20 September 2016. Archived from the original on 27 March 2015. We trained Taliban and sent them to fight against Soviet Union. Retrieved 7 February 2015. According to Coll: "C.I.A. and other Obama administration officials have said they possess no evidence—no intercepts, no unreleased documents from Abbottabad—that Kayani or Pasha or any other I.S.I. officer knew where bin Laden was hiding. ^ Savage, Charlie (28 October 2015). "Pakistan trained al-Qaeda, says Imran Khan". Although part of airfield could be used, the runway was not long enough for transport aircraft to take off or land. ^ "A safe haven for terrorists". ^ "ISI allowed terrorists to attack India, says WikiLeaks." Press Trust of India, 9 May 2011. "The many faces of Pakistani Punjab's militancy". ^ "Mystery of Taliban 'flown out by Pakistani". Given the hostility toward Pakistan prevalent in the American national security bureaucracy by 2011, if the United States possessed such hard evidence, it almost certainly would have leaked."[166] In response to Americans there.[167] In addition to bin Laden and Khalid Sheikh Mohammed, Ramzi bin al-Shibh, Abu Zubaydah, Abu Laith al Libi and Sheikh Said Masri have all been captured or killed inside Pakistan. [168] See also Inter-Services Intelligence activities in Afghanistan Inter-Services Intelligence activities in India Iran and state-sponsored terrorism Saudi Arabia-United States relations#Allegations of funding terrorism and the Soviet Union United States and state-sponsored terrorism References ^ Welle (www.dw.com), Deutsche. Archived from the original on 21 March 2009. This leads to tensions between the two states, especially after hearing reports of civilian casualties.[120] After the May 2011 death of Osama bin Laden in Pakistan, many prominent Afghan figures began being assassinated, including Mohammed Daud, Ahmad Wali Karzai, Jan Mohammed Daud Daud, Ahmad Wali Karzai, Jan W across Afghanistan. The New York Times. There have been a number of reports about the Afghanistan-Pakistan skirmishes, which usually occur when army soldiers are in hot pursuit chasing insurgents who cross the border back and forth. The Economist. The Daily Star. McCain also acknowledged Pakistan's losses in the fight against terrorism.[113] United Kingdom In July 2010, British Prime Minister David Cameron accused the Pakistani government of double standards: "We cannot tolerate in any way, to promote the export of terror, whether to Afghanistan or anywhere else in the world." However, UK Foreign Secretary William Hague, who was travelling with the prime minister Cameron, clarified Cameron's remarks: "He wasn't accusing anybody of double dealing. Retrieved 22 September 2011. "Pakistanis Aided Attack in Kabul, U.S. Officials Say". "Rice tells Pakistan to act 'or US will'". "Ghani Says Afghanistan Hit by 'Undeclared War' From Pakistan". Archived from the original on 21 September 2013. Many Kashmiri groups also maintain their headquarters in Pakistan-administered Kashmir, which is cited as further proof by the Indian Government. ^ "Osama Bin Laden Killed". Archived from the original on 21 November 2018. Pakistan's involvement in state-sponsored terrorism Part of a series on Terrorism Definitions History Incidents By ideology Anarchist Communist Green/Ecological Left-wing/Far-left Narcotics-driven Nationalist Right-wing/Far-right Religious Buddhist Christian (Mormon) Hindu Islamic (Salafi-Wahhabi) Jewish Sikh Special-interest / Single-issue Suffragette Anti-abortion Environmental Misogynist Related topics Violent extremism Ethnic violence Militia movement Resistance movement Structure Financing Fronting Radicalization (Online) Training camp Death squad Clandestine cell system Leaderless resistance Lone wolf Methods attacks Beheading Bioterrorism Dirty bomb Dry run Explosive Hostage-taking Improvised explosive device (IED) Vehicle-ramming Spree shooting Individual terror Insurgency Kidnapping Letter bomb Lone wolf Mass shooting Nuclear Paper terrorism Piracy Propaganda of the deed Proxy bomb School shooting Stabbing Suicide attack (list) Rockets and mortars Terrorism Fracy Propaganda of the deed Proxy bomb School shooting Stabbing Suicide attack (list) Rockets and mortars Terrorism Fracy Propaganda of the deed Proxy bomb School shooting Stabbing Suicide attack (list) Rockets and mortars Terrorism Fracy Propaganda of the deed Proxy bomb School shooting Stabbing Suicide attack (list) Rockets and mortars Terrorism Fracy Propaganda of the deed Proxy bomb School shooting Stabbing Suicide attack (list) Rockets and mortars Terrorism Fracy Propaganda of the deed Proxy bomb School shooting Stabbing Suicide attack (list) Rockets and mortars Terrorism Fracy Propaganda of the deed Proxy bomb School shooting Stabbing Suicide attack (list) Rockets and mortars Terrorism Fracy Propaganda of the deed Proxy bomb School shooting Stabbing Stabbing School shooting Stabbing School shooti United States Uzbekistan State-sponsored terrorism Iran Israel Kuwait Pakistan Qatar Russia (Soviet Union) Saudi Arabia Syria United States Response to terrorism refers to the involvement of Pakistan in terrorism through the backing of various designated terrorist organizations. "Pakistan's ISI Is Supporting Pro-Khalistan Groups". The Embassy of Afghanistan in Washington, DC. 25 September 2011. 23 September 2011. 25 September 2011. 27 September 2011. 27 September 2011. 28 September 2011. 29 September 2011. 20 2016. Retrieved 20 August 2013. People who went to Kashmir will do an "injustice to the Fakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to belong to the Pakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to belong to the Pakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to belong to the Pakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to belong to the Pakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to belong to the Pakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to belong to the Pakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Pakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Pakistani militants who had crossed the border over the years and were caught by the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security forces were found to be a supplication of the Indian security for Commission in Dhaka, were alleged to be financing the terrorist activities of the banned Jamaat-ul-Mujahideen Bangladesh (JMB) organization. "India seeks extradition from Pakistan to carry out sabotage activities with the help of the ISI and the Pakistan Army.[88] Pakistan Army and Inter-Services Intelligence Directorate (ISI) have long considered Lashkar-e-Taiba to be the country's most reliable proxy against India and the group still provides utility in this regard as well as the potential for leverage at the negotiating table.[89] Lashkar-e-Taiba and Jamaat-ud-Dawa The militant group Lashkar-e-Taiba (LeT) is widely blamed for the November 2008 Mumbai attacks. JuD is currently banned by the US, the EU, India and Russia as a terrorist organisation. ^ "Pakistan's National Security Advisor Sartaj Aziz calls Afghan counterpart after remarks on terror". 1 December 2012. 25 February 2002. 27 November 2001. PTI. BBC Urdu. "Combat terror outfits operating in your soil: Germany to Pakistan". JuD also asks donations for its anti-India and pro-jihad campaigns.[91] Haqqani Network Former Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of US, Mike Mullen described the Haqqani Network as the 'veritable arm of Pakistan's ISI'.[96] Mullen said the country's main intelligence agency ISI was supporting Haqqani Network, who are blamed for an assault on the US embassy in Kabul in September 2011[97][98] and also the September 2011 NATO truck bombing which injured 77 coalition soldiers[99][100] and killed five Afgan civilians.[101] "Operation Zarb-e-Azb has helped disrupt Haggani network's ability to launch attacks on Afghan territory", a senior commander for US and NATO forces in Afghanistan, Lieutenant General Joseph Anderson said in a Pentagon-hosted video briefing from Afghanistan. ^ "Lashkar e-Toiba; Lashkar e-Toiba; Las September 2001). 16 November 2001. the Suspects; Death of Reporter Puts Focus on Pakistan Intelligence Unit". The Guardian. ^ "Leon Panetta: U.S. "reaching the limits of our patience" with Pakistan terror safe havens". "Lashkar-e-Taiba - Mapping Militant Organizations". ^ "President Karzai Address to the Nation on Afghanistan's Peace Efforts". "No Secrets in the Sky". Archived from the original on 14 May 2012. ^ "Pakistan's longstanding irresponsible policy of supporting and providing operational space for 'jihadi' terrorist groups".[111][112] U.S. Senator John McCain said that the bill would not be successful, and pointed out that it was moved by a small minority within the Congress. News rediff.com. But in reality, they have already lost that bet."[124]—Admiral Mike Mullen, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff U.S. Ambassador to Pakistan, Cameron Munter, told Radio Pakistan that "the attack that took place in Kabul a few days ago, that was the work of the Haggani network. ^ Vishnu Varma (5 December 2014). For its December 2014, Pakistan ran two special trains to carry the crowd to Lahore. [94] India's foreign ministry termed this as 'nothing short of mainstreaming of terrorism and a security of 4000 policemen was provided. Of course there have been many terrorism outrages in Pakistan itself."[114] Cameron's remarks sparked a diplomatic row with Pakistan while on a tour to Afghanistan in an effort to mend relations. ^ "Pakistan a twin brother, talks to go on: Karzai". Journalist Stephen Schwartz notes that several terrorist and criminal groups are "backed by senior officers in the Pakistani army, the country's ISI intelligence establishment and other armed bodies of the state".[35] According to Ted Galen Carpenter, a senior fellow for defense and foreign policy studies at the Cato Institute, "Without the active support of the government in Islamabad, it is doubtful whether the Taliban could ever have come to power in Afghanistan. 17 February 2021. "Zardari says Pak created and nurtured militants - CNN IBN News". 1 August 2008. ^ "The curious case of Osama bin Laden". Penguin Group. Retrieved 13 April 2011. Open public fund raising and recruitment of terrorists from Militant outfits about Pakistan [KLF has openly admitted that more than 3,000 militants from various nationalities were still being trained. [78] Sympathizing with militants from various nationalities were still being trained. [78] Sympathizing with militants from various nationalities were still being trained. provided covert but well-documented support to terrorist groups active in Kashmir, including the Jaish-e-Mohammed."[60] Pakistan has denied any involvement in the terrorist activities in Kashmir, arguing that it only provides political and moral support to the so-called 'secessionist' groups. Retrieved 11 November 2012. ^ "'Greater SAARC' and Pakistan's regional isolation", Deutsche Welle, 13 October 2016 ^ "Surgical strike and Pak's isolation", Daily Excelsior, 17 October 2016 ^ "Pakistan unlikely to exit 'grey' list of global terror funding watchdog until June". Project On Government Oversight. 3 March 2021. ^ Rotondi, Jessica Pearce. 18 September 2019. Many of the terrorist organisations are banned by the UN, but continue to operate under different names. attacks did Islamabad begin to sever its political and financial ties with the Taliban. This is something that must stop."[125] Other top U.S. officials such as Hillary Clinton and Leon Panetta made similar statements [123][126] Despite all of this, Afghan President Hamid Karzai labelled Pakistan as Afghanistan to please others. Retrieved 21 November 2018. Ibnlive.com. Islamabad. ^ Daniel L. ^ "Pakistanis Aided Attack in Kabul, U.S. Officials Say". September 2011. ^ "Pakistan will use Kartarpur for Khalistan terror: Former army chief". ^ "Clinton Presses Pakistan to Help Fight Haggani Insurgent Group". stanford.edu. Pakistan has been frequently accused by various countries, including its neighbours Afghanistan,[1] India, and Iran,[2] as well as by the United States,[3][4] the United Kingdom, Germany,[5][6] and France,[7][8] of involvement in a variety of terrorist activities in both its local region of South Asia and beyond.[9][10] Pakistan's northwestern tribal regions along the Afghanistan-Pakistan border have been described as an effective safe haven for terrorists by Western media and the United States Secretary of Defense,[11][12][13] while India has accused Pakistan of perpetuating the insurgency in Jammu and Kashmir by providing financial support and armaments to militant groups, [14][15] as well as by sending state-trained terrorists across the Line of Control and de jure India-Pakistan border to launch attacks in Indian-administered Kashmir and India proper, respectively. [16][17][18][19][20] According to an analysis published by the Saban Center for Middle East Policy at the Brookings Institution in 2008, Pakistan was reportedly, "with the possible exception of Iran, perhaps the world's most active sponsor of terrorist groups... Archived from the original on 27 July 2013. Dean Nelson in New Delhi (7 December 2010). "Al Qaeda leaders killed or captured in Pakistan." Reuters, 2 May 2011. Retrieved 10 May 2011. "US embassy cables: Pakistan home to 43 'terrorist camps' - Indian army chief". Archived from the original on 18 December 2008. Associated Press. ^ "Interesting Facts About Osama bin Laden's Compound - International Business Times". ibnlive.com. 15 November 2019. DAWN.COM. "Sartaj Aziz statement on militant groups taken out of context: FO". "Questions about bin Laden's Compound - International Business Times". embarrassing to Pakistan". ^ "'Pak's double standards on terror not acceptable' - Rediff.com India News". 29 May 2002. ^ Asia's Islamism engine Archived 6 December 2008 ^ a b "SPIEGEL Interview with Pervez Musharraf: 'Pakistan is Always Seen as the Rogue' - SPIEGEL ONLINE". Retrieved 3 May 2011.[dead link] ^ Your name. He added that the Haqqani network was now fractured too.[102] In a November 2014 interview to BBC Urdu,[103] Adviser to the Pakistan should not target militants like the Afghan Taliban and Haqqani Network, who do not threaten Pakistan's security.[104][105] After it was raised in Pakistan's parliament, Pakistan's Foreign Office clarified that the statement [106] was said in historical context. [107][108] United States US National Security Advisor James L Jones sent a message in the past to Pakistan saying that double standards on terrorism were not acceptable. [109] In September 2016, the Chairman of the US House Subcommittee on Terrorism, Congressman Ted Poe from Texas, along with Dana Rohrabacher from California, introduced a bill in the United States House of Representatives calling for a declaration of Pakistan as a "state sponsor of terrorism". The Christian Science Monitor. ^ "Panetta: U.S. will pursue Pakistan-based militants". Archived from the original on 3 April 2015. Reuters. Business Standard India. "12 Years After Mumbai, the Fight Against Terrorism Continues". "India, Afghanistan deny Pakistan's allegation of 'terrorism' | DW | 16.11.2020". Retrieved 6 May 2015. Most of the reports are vague, filled with incongruent detail, or crudely fabricated. Aljazeera.com. ^ Sibal •, Kanwal (25 November 2020). 18 July 2006. ^ Rory McCarthy. Retrieved 21 September 2011. Archived from the original on 20 July 2017. GPIL - German Practice in International Law. ^ a b "Terrorists openly collect funds in Pak for war on India". 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This led to the United States warning Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan's government, mainly Pakistan in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against the Haqqanis in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas.[122] The U.S. blamed Pakistan of a possible military action against this.[123] "In choosing to use violent extremism as an instrument of Pakistan, and most especially the Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army and ISI, jeopardizes not only the prospect of our strategic partnership but Pakistani army are partnership but Pakistani army army are partnership but Pakistani army are partnership but Pakistani army army are partnership but Pakistani army army are partnership but Pakistani army are partnership but Pakistani army army are partnership but Pakistani army army are partnership but Pakistani army army army are partnership but Pakistani army army army army army army army a redressing what they feel is an imbalance in regional power. 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This includes possible defence cooperation and intelligence sharing as well as further enhancing the two-way trade and abolishment of visas for "holders of diplomatic passports to facilitate visa free travel for the diplomatic passports to facilitate visa free travel free trav Haqqani Network, and reiterated allegations that those elements had support and presence across the border in Pakistan legations as "baseless".[132] The Washington Post claimed that the Pakistan ".[133] According to the New York Times, "Afghan tribal leaders said that the Pakistan military waved a surge of new fighters across the border from sanctuaries inside Pakistan over 'terror exports'". aiding these groups that pose a direct threat to the United States. ^ "Crisis of Impunity - Pakistan's Support of the Taliban". 5 October 2011. ^ "30,000-40,000 terrorists still present in Pak: Imran Khan". Archived from the original on 12 October 2011. ^ "7 June 2012. Retrieved 8 June 2017. 18 September 2011. 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He further said that he doubted these claims.[85] According to a 2001 article titled "Overview of State-Sponsored Terrorism" issued by the US Office of the Coordinator for Counterterrorism, "In South Asia, the United States has been increasingly concerned about reports of Pakistani support, to the Taliban, which continues to harbor terrorist groups, including al-Qaida, the Egyptian Islamic Jihad, al-Gama'a al-Islamiyya, and the Islamic Movement of Uzbekistan."[86] In 2011, American troops reportedly recovered Pakistani military supplies from Taliban insurgents in Afghanistan.[87] LeT began carrying out operations in Indian-controlled Kashmir in the 1990s. 15 December 2008. ^ "Foreign Office clarifies Sartaj Aziz statement on ties with militant groups". ^ "Pak fanning militancy in Kashmir: Musharraf". News 18. ^ a b Amjad Mahmood. Emirates 24/7. ^ "Musharraf admits Kashmir militants trained in Pakistan". A disproportionate number of the extremist madrasas schools funded by the Saudis operate in Pakistan."[36] Pakistan's former ambassador to the U.S., Husain Haqqani has said Pakistan sponsors terrorism.[37] Author Daniel Byman states, "Pakistan is probably today's most active sponsor of terrorism." [22] Writing in an article published by The Australian he state sponsor of terrorism, beyond even Iran, yet it has never been listed by the US State Department as a state sponsor of terrorism. [22] Writing in an article published by The Australian he stated, "following the terror massacres in Mumbai, Pakistan may now be the single biggest state sponsor of terrorism." [38] Former Pakistani president Pervez Musharraf has conceded that his forces trained militant groups to fight India in Indian-administered Kashmir.[39] He confessed that the government "turned a blind eye" because it wanted to force India to enter into negotiations, as well as raise the issue internationally.[39] He also said Pakistani spies in the Inter-Services Intelligence directorate (ISI) cultivated the Taliban after 2001 because Karzai's government was dominated by non-Pashtuns, who are the country's largest ethnic group, and by officials who were thought to favour India. [40] India has been consistent in alleging that Pakistan was involved in training and arming underground militant groups to fight Indian forces in Kashmir. [41] Inter-Services Intelligence and terrorism The ISI, has often been accused of playing a role in major terrorist attack, [45] the 2006 Waranasi bombings, [47][48] and the November 2008 Mumbai attacks. [49][50] The ISI is also accused of supporting Taliban forces[51] and recruiting and training mujahideen[51][52] to fight in Afghanistan[53][54] and Kashmir.[54] Based on communication intercepts, US intelligence agencies concluded Pakistan's ISI was behind the attack on the Indian embassy in Kabul on 7 July 2008, a charge that the governments of India and Afghanistan had laid previously.[55] The

Pakistani intelligence agency, the ISI, is believed to be aiding these organisations in eradicating perceived enemies or those opposed to their cause, including India, Russia, China, Israel, the United States, the United S

Nations (UN) has also publicly increased pressure on Pakistan on its inability to control its Afghanistan border and not restricting the activities of Taliban leaders who have been declared by the UN as terrorists. [79][80] Both the federal and state governments in India continue to accuse Pakistan of helping several banned terrorists organisations, including the Indian organisations unhappy with their own Government, like the ULFA in Assam.[143][citation needed] Apart from Kashmir, Pakistan has also been accused by India of supporting insurgency in Punjab province of India. However, his visit was refused by Pakistan, notably as a snub to his remarks.[116] Afghanistan US intelligence officials claim that Pakistan's ISI sponsored the 2008 Indian embassy bombing in Kabul.[117] They say that the ISI officers who aided the attack were not renegades, indicating that their actions might have been authorised by superiors. ^ Goldberg, Jeffrey (22 October 2013). Nawaz Sharif, the former prime minister, faced treason charges last year after an interview where he suggested the Pakistani state played a role in the 2008 Mumbai attack that killed 166 people. Archived from the original on 4 September 2005. The Spectator. London. ^ "Germany backs India's cross-border strikes against terrorists in Pakistan administered Kashmir". ^ "'Historic day': PM Imran inaugurates 24/7 border crossing at Torkham". VOA. United States Department of State. Washington Post. ^ Harris, Kathleen 29 January 2013, ISBN 9780143132509. Daily Times. "Ex-Pakistani Ambassador: My Country Supports Terrorism", Retrieved 23 May 2015. He was also saying that Pakistan's made great progress in tackling terrorism. Nicholas Watt. HISTORY. "The Changing Nature of State Sponsorship of Terrorism" (PDF). The attack was carried out by Jalaluddin Haggani, who runs a network that Western intelligence services say is responsible for a campaign of violence throughout Afghanistan, including the Indian Embassy bombing and the 2008 Kabul Serena Hotel attack.[117] Citizenship and Immigration Minister of Canada Chris Alexander called Pakistan a state sponsor of terrorism that threatens world security in 2014.[118] In response to the Afghan War documents leak, The Guardian had a very different take on allegations that Pakistan is sponsoring terrorism. "Terror financing': Pak diplomat withdrawn from Bangladesh". "Afghanistan war logs: Clandestine aid for Taliban bears Pakistan's fingerprints". However, the validity of these claims have been questioned by the Pentagon. 5 April 2006. Saeed now heads the Jamaat-ud-Dawa (JuD) group, widely seen as a front for LeT.[90] LeT was banned by Pakistan in 2002 after it allegedly carried out an attack on the Indian parliament. "Taliban receiving Pakistan military equipment, U.S. investigation reveals." The Hindu, 9 January 2012. Ted Poe said in a statement that Pakistan was not only an untrustworthy ally but it has also aided and abetted the enemies of the United States. 26 August 2021. | DW | 05.07.2019". ^ "The Potential for a New Strand of Islamist Extremism in Pakistan". ^ Gall, Carlotta (21 January 2007). Retrieved 24 September 2019. It's Not Who You Think". Hrw.org. There is evidence linking the Haggani Network to the Pakistan government. He further stated that previous administrations were hiding this truth, particularly from the United States, for the last 15 years during the War on Terrorist and terrorists and terrorists and terrorists and terrorist groups are able to organize, plan, raise funds, communicate, recruit, train, transit, and operate in relative security because of inadequate/supportive governance, political will, or both.[25][26] Osama bin Laden, the leader of al-Qaeda and mastermind behind the September 11 attacks on the United States in 2001, was killed by U.S. Navy SEALs during Operation Neptune Spear at his compound near the Pakistan Military Academy in Abbottabad, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Pakistan.[27][28][29] [30] Background Until Pakistan became a key ally in the War on Terrorism, the US Secretary of State included Pakistan on the 1993 list of countries which repeatedly provide support for acts of international terrorism. [3] In fact, many consider that Pakistan has been playing both sides in the fight against terror, on the one hand, demonstrating to help curtail terrorist activities while on the other, stoking it.[31][32] Pakistani journalist Ahmed Rashid and author Ted Galen Carpenter have accused Pakistan's Inter-Services Intelligence (ISI) of providing help to the Taliban[33] and terrorists in Kashmir.[34] Allegations of state-sponsored terrorists in Kashmir.[34] Allegations of state-sponsored terrorists in Kashmir.[34] and terrorists in Kashmir.[34] Allegations of state-sponsored terrorists in Kashmir.[35] Allegations of state-sponsored terrorists in sponsored terrorist groups in the Indian state of Jammu and Kashmir, funding, training and arming them in their war of attrition against India". "Footprints: JuD's show of strength". Ted Poe, United States Congress, 20 September 2016. "A threat to the world". ISSN 0362-4331. ^ Khaira, Rachna (21 November 2018). UPI. ^ "Bin Laden's front yard" (May 3, 2011). Even now it is not certain that key members of Pakistan's intelligence service have repudiated their Taliban clients. A formal statement from Islamabad dismissed the charges as "baseless", adding: "an incessant and orchestrated media campaign was launched against her on spurious charges" [152] International isolation Pakistan is being threatened of international isolation on the allegations of its inability to act on countering terrorism due to the efforts of PM Narendra Modi. ^ US lawmakers move bill to designate Pakistan condemns US comments about spy agency". ^ "NATO: 77 U.S. troops injured after Taliban hit Afghan coalition base"

NDTV.com. Brookings.edu. ^ Maitra, Gautam (2009). ^ "Indian Police Arrest Islamic Cleric for Blasts". ^ [1][dead link] ^ "Pakistan admits it wasn't part of US operation to kill Osama bin Laden - World - DNA". Seattletimes.nwsource.com. "Deadly Truck Bomb Rocks Kabul". 3 May 2010. 2 December 2018. "How SEAL Team Six Took Out Osama bin Laden". The Telegraph. nytimes.com. 10 December 2010. Pakistan has also assisted rebel forces in Kashmir even though those groups have committed terrorist acts against civilians. dna. New York. BloombergView. Retrieved 20 May 2010. ^ "US, UK, France, India voice concern at FATF meet over Pakistan inaction against Terrorism". Dawn.com. NBC News. "How 4 Federal Lawyers Paved the Way to Kill Osama bin Laden". ^ "Aujla justifies Pak's support to Khalistan". Archived from the original on 20 March 2015. ^ a b Ali, Mahmud (9 October 2006). www.efsas.org. "At UN, India accuses Pakistan of delisting 4,000 terrorists, changing PoK demography". ^ Cassman, Daniel. ^ "ISI may be behind Hyderabad blasts: Jana Reddy". ^ "Pakistan's Spy Agency Is Tied to Attack on U.S. Embassy". ^ "The Key Reason the U.S. Lost in Afghanistan". 26 August 2007. Donald Rumsfeld, US defense secretary, claimed that he received no such report that validate or verify these claims of deaths in the region; all these years Pakistan has been supportive to several terrorist groups despite several stern warnings from the international community."[21] Daniel Byman, a professor and senior analyst of terrorism and security at the Center For Middle East Policy, also wrote that, "Pakistan is probably 2008's most active sponsor of terrorism".[22] In 2018, the former Prime Minister of Pakistan, Nawaz Sharif, suggested that the Pakistan is probably 2008's most active sponsor of terrorism".[21] In 2018, the former Prime Minister of Pakistan, Nawaz Sharif, suggested that the Pakistan is probably 2008's most active sponsor of terrorism and security at the Center For Middle East Policy, also wrote that, "Pakistan is probably 2008's most active sponsor of terrorism".[22] In 2018, the former Prime Minister of Pakistan, Nawaz Sharif, suggested that the Pakistan is probably 2008's most active sponsor of terrorism and security at the Center For Middle East Policy, also wrote that, "Pakistan is probably 2008's most active sponsor of terrorism".[22] In 2018, the former Prime Minister of Pakistan, Nawaz Sharif, suggested that the Pakistan is probably 2008's most active sponsor of terrorism and security at the Center For Middle East Policy, also wrote that, "Pakistan is probably 2008's most active sponsor of terrorism".[22] In 2018, the former Prime Minister of Pakistan, Nawaz Sharif, suggested that the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active sponsor of terrorism and the Center For Middle East Policy active spons government (see The Establishment) played a role in the 2008 Mumbai attacks that were carried out by Lashkar-e-Taiba, a Pakistani soil. ^ John Pike. Archived from the original on 4 April 2006. ^ "LoC silent in March, militant infrastructure in Pakistan remains intact: Gen Naravane". Archived from the original on 30 September 2007. 10 Septem second-hand information" and were weeded out as they passed up the chain of command".[119] Afghanistan-Pakistan of using its ISI spy network in aiding the Taliban and other militants. Archived from the original on 10 March 2007. Retrieved 24 February 2021. ^ "State sponsor of terrorism: US bill unlikely to gain Congressional support". Bloomberg. Retrieved 3 May 2011. New York Diaries (8 July 2009). 11 September 2001. The same characters - famous Taliban commanders, well-known ISI officials - and scenarios repeatedly pop up. Archived from the original on 25 September 2011. ^ "Pakistan to release more Taliban prisoners". ^ Swami, Praveen. Retrieved 1 January 2012. 2015. ^ a b Puri, Luv (27 November 2019). USA Today. The two states are working together to find solutions to the problems affecting them. 3 May 2011. ^ a b "Pakistan Army and Terrorism; an unholy alliance". Pakistani authorities helped fund the militia and equip it with military hardware during the mid-1990s when the Taliban was merely one of several competing factions in Afghanistan's civil war. This event known as the Kunduz airlift, which is also popularly called the "Airlift of Evil", involved several Pakistani Air Force transport planes flying multiple sorties over a number of days. Pakistan's security apparatus has in the past angrily rejected politicians linking it to militancy. 9 May 2011. ^ Kay, Chris; Najafizada, Eltaf (6 June 2017). This is cited by the Indian government as further proof that Pakistan must stop infiltration across LoC. Pakistan usually denies these allegations but has said in the past that it does not have full control of the actions of the ISI. Criticism The normally reticent United Nations Organization (UNO) has also publicly increased pressure on Pakistan on its inability to control its Afghanistan border and not restricting the activities of Taliban leaders who have been declared by the UN as terrorists. [79][80] Alleged Pakistani Army support of terrorists See also: Allegations of support of terrorists See also: Allegations of support of terrorists Groups like Lashkar-e-Taiba (LeT) in 1990s to carry out militancy in Kashmir. [81] From 1979 Pakistan was in favour of religious militancy. [82] "The Kashmiri and Cashmiri a freedom fighters including Hafiz Saeed and Lakhvi were our heroes at that time. Both United States and Pakistan have rejected that any such airlift took place. ^ 'Pak feared exposure of militant camps' - Rediff 16 October 2005 ^ a b Loomis, George. ^ "Islamic State attacks show group is intent on killing Afghan peace hopes". Archived from the original on 5 June 2010. ^ "Militants not dangerous to Pakistan should not be targeted: Sartaj". Fair Observer. Press Trust of India. Pakistan denies all allegations, stating that these acts are committed by non-state actors.[135][136] India allegations, stating that these acts are committed by non-state actors. bin Laden, Taliban were heroes for Pakistan: Pervez Musharraf". Hindustan Times. In June 2014, Washington declared JuD an LeT affiliate and announced head money for JuD's political wing chief and Saeed's brother-in-law Abdur Rahman Makki.[91] Zaki ur-Rehman Lakhvi, the leader of Lashkar-e-Taiba and allegedly the planner of 2008 Mumbai attacks was released in Pakistan which caused condemnations in India.[92] JuD regularly conducts mass rallies and congregation,[93] advocating jihad in Kashmir. ^ "Chairman Poe introduces the Pakistan State Sponsor of Terrorism Designation Act". Retrieved 23 February 2017. ^ "Non-state actors Pak's responsibility: Zardari". ^ a b "Pakistan supported, trained terror groups: Musharraf". ^ "Zero infiltration along LoC for second year due to upgraded infrastructure, heavy snowfall". Web.archive.org. Archived from the original on 18 September 2011. Au.ibtimes.com. Archived from the original on 18 September 2015. Indianembassy.org. The Statesman. Archived from the original on 11 October 2006. Archived from the original on 5 February 2015. "Terrorist Attack on the Parliament of India, say Guantanamo detainees: Wikileaks". Spiegel.de. "Zardari defends Pakistan over bin Laden intel".

Scottish perspective on news, sport, business, lifestyle, food and drink and more, from Scotland's national newspaper, The Scotsman. A historical overview of Pakistan from 1947 to 2018 that examines the development of the country in terms of political, socioeconomic, administrative, and foreign policy decisions/trends. Published as part of Informa (Routledge) Europa World Series 2022-05-03 · Says future irrigation projects will also need to be informed by solutions to water-related problems in several sectors. 2014-09-16 · Needs Assessment Techniques 18 INTERVIEWS PROS CONS • Good at uncovering details of training needs as well as causes of and solutions to problems of training needs as well as causes of and solutions to problems of training needs as well as causes of and solutions to problems of training needs as well as causes of an explore unanticipated issues that come up • Time consuming • Difficult to analyze • Needs skilled interviewer • Difficult to schedule 19. CrisisWatch is our global conflicts and crises, identifying trends and alerting them to risks of escalation and opportunities to advance peace. The News on Sunday (TNS) Pakistan's leading weekly magazine. Includes news, blogs, sports, politics, fashion, life style, entertainment, feature Stroies, celebrities interviews and more. 2022-05-06. The latest videos created by The Corbett Report. If a picture is worth a thousand words, then it stands to reason that truth art can be as good as a podcast for waking people up to the bigger agenda. 2022-04-25 · ISLAMABAD / LAHORE: Amid prolonged outages in various parts of the country, Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif on Sunday directed the relevant authorities to reduce power glitches immediately and held ... A major earthquake occurred in Christchurch, New Zealand, on Tuesday 22 February 2011 at 12:51 p.m. local time (23:51 UTC, 21 February). The M w 6.2 (M L 6.3) earthquake struck the Canterbury region in the South Island, centred 6.7 kilometres (4.2 mi) south-east of the centre of Christchurch, the country's second-most populous city. It caused widespread damage across ...

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